**TKR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY** 





# COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING)

#### **SEMESTER VII**

S.No	Course Classification	Course Code	Name of the subject	L	Т	Р	С	Ι	E	Total
01	РС	D77PC22	Knowledge Representation and Reasoning	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
02	PC	D77PC23	Big Data Analytics	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
03	РЕ	D77PE5	<ul> <li>Professional Elective V</li> <li>A. Recommender Systems</li> <li>B. Information Security</li> <li>C. Social Network Analysis</li> </ul>	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
04	OE	D770E2	Open Elective II	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
05	PC	D77PC24	Big Data Analytics Lab	0	0	2	1	40	60	100
06	PW	D77PW1	Project Work Phase 1	0	0	14	7	100		100
TOTAL				15	0	16	20	300	300	600

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# COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING)

B.Tech. VII Sem.

LTPC 3003

# KNOWLEDGE REPRESENTATION AND REASONING (D77PC22)

# **Course Objective:**

Investigating Knowledge Representation techniques and notations, integrating KR as a knowledge engineering approach for organizational knowledge modeling, introducing ontologies as a KR paradigm and their applications, and understanding KR techniques, processes, knowledge acquisition, and ontology sharing.

# **Course Outcomes:**

Upon completion of the course student will be able to

- 1. Analyse and design knowledge-based systems intended for computer implementation. L3
- 2. Apply theoretical knowledge about principles for logic-based representation and reasoning. L3
- 3. Analyse knowledge representations such as knowledge engineering, examining how structures are represented in frames L4
- 4. Analyse implement production systems, frames, inheritance systems and approaches tohandle uncertain or incomplete knowledge. L4
- 5. Make use of the Knowledge Soup, Semiotics Knowledge Acquisition and Sharing. L3

## UNIT - I

**The Key Concepts:** Knowledge, Representation, Reasoning, Why knowledge representation and reasoning, Role of logic

**Logic:** Historical background, Representing knowledge in logic, Varieties of logic, Name, Type, Measures, Unity Amidst diversity

## UNIT - II

**Ontology:** Ontological categories, Philosophical background, Top-level categories, Describing physical entities, Defining abstractions, Sets, Collections, Types and Categories, Space and Time

#### UNIT - III

**Knowledge Representations:** Knowledge Engineering, Representing structure in frames, Rules and data, Object-oriented systems, Natural language Semantics, Levels of representation

#### UNIT - IV

**Processes:** Times, Events and Situations, Classification of processes, Procedures, Processes and Histories, Concurrent processes, Computation, Constraint satisfaction, Change Contexts: Syntax of contexts, Semantics of contexts, First-order reasoning in contexts, Modal reasoning in contexts, Encapsulating objects in contexts.

#### UNIT - V

**Knowledge Soup:** Vagueness, Uncertainty, Randomness and Ignorance, Limitations of logic, Fuzzy logic, Nonmonotonic Logic, Theories, Models and the world, Semiotics Knowledge Acquisition and Sharing: Sharing Ontologies, Conceptual schema, Accommodating multiple paradigms, Relating different knowledge representations, Language patterns, Tools for knowledge acquisition

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Knowledge Representation logical, Philosophical, and Computational Foundations by John F.Sowa, Thomson Learning.
- 2. Knowledge Representation and Reasoning by Ronald J. Brachman, Hector J. Levesque, Elsevier.

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# COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING)

B.Tech. VII Sem.

L T P C 3 0 0 3

# **BIG DATA ANALYTICS (D77PC23)**

# **Course objective:**

Understand the tools, technologies & programming languages which is used in day to day analytics cycle

# **Course outcomes:**

Upon completion of the course student will be able to

- 1. Analyze the characteristics of Big data by making use of data collection, preparation, and visualization. L4
- 2. Apply Big data patterns in their applications to solve problems encountered in the domain of big data analytics. L3
- 3. Analyze Data Acquisition and Big Data Storage by exploring HDFS, SCALA and SPARK. L4
- 4. Apply high level APIs, using resilent distributed data sets and perform batch analysis applications using Apache. L3
- 5. Make use of Relational and Non-Relational data bases to develop web application models emphasizing on Django Framework. L3

# UNIT - I

**Introduction to Big Data:** What is Analytics, What is Big Data, Characteristics of Big Data, Domain Specific Examples of Big Data, and Analytics flow for Big Data-Data Collection, Data Preparation, Analysis Types, Analysis Modes, Visualizations, Big Data Stack.

# UNIT - II

**Bigdata Patterns**: Analytics architecture components & Design styles-Load Leveling with Queues, Load Balancing with Multiple Consumers, Leader Election, Sharding, CAP, Lambda Architecture, Scheduler Agent Supervisor, Pipes & Filters, MapReduce Patterns.

## UNIT - III

## **Big Data Analytics Implementations**

**Data Acquisition**: Data Acquisition Considerations, Publish -Subscribe Messaging Frameworks, Big Data Collection Systems. **Big Data Storage**: HDFS- Architecture, SCALA and SPARK

#### UNIT - IV

**Batch Analysis**: Hadoop and Map Reduce, Hadoop – Map Reduce Examples, Pig, Case Study: Batch Analysis of News Articles, Apache Oozie, and Apache Spark.

## UNIT - V

**Serving Databases and Web frameworks**: Relational (SQL) Databases, Non-Relational (NoSQL) Databases, and Python Web Application Framework– Django. **NoSQL**:Key-Value Databases, Document Databases, Column Family Databases, Graph Databases.

#### **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Big Data Science and Analytics AHands-on Approach. By Arshdeep Bahga, Vijay Madisetti

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# COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING)

B.Tech. VII Sem.

#### L T P C 3 0 0 3

# **RECOMMENDER SYSTEMS (D77PE5A)**

# **Course Objective:**

To learn the significance of machine learning and data mining algorithms for Recommender systems

# **Course Outcomes:**

Upon completion of the course student will be able to

- 1. Apply the knowledge of dimensionality reduction techniques and understand how it helps in designing a recommender system. L3.
- 2. Develop content based recommendation system using a given domain knowledge. L3
- 3. Implement the Collaborative Filtering technique to study the performance evaluation of recommender systems based on various metrics. L3
- 4. Develop security features for effective use of recommender systems and study the potential impact of attacks on user experience and trust. L3
- 5. Experiment formally with different paradigms used for evaluating recommender systems. L3

# UNIT - I

## Introduction

Introduction and basic taxonomy of recommender systems - Traditional and non-personalized Recommender Systems - Overview of data mining methods for recommender systems- similarity measures- Dimensionality reduction – Singular Value Decomposition (SVD)

## UNIT - II

## **Content-Based Recommendation Systems**

High-level architecture of content-based systems - Item profiles, Representing item profiles, Methods for learning user profiles, Similarity-based retrieval, and Classification algorithms

### UNIT - III

#### **Collaborative Filtering**

A systematic approach, Nearest-neighbor collaborative filtering (CF), user-based and item-based CF, components of neighborhood methods (rating normalization, similarity weight computation, and neighborhood selection

#### UNIT - IV

#### **Attack-Resistant Recommender Systems**

Introduction – Types of Attacks – Detecting attacks on recommender systems – Individual attack – Group attack – Strategies for robust recommender design - Robust recommendation algorithms.

#### UNIT - V

#### **Evaluating Recommender Systems**

Evaluating Paradigms – User Studies – Online and Offline evaluation – Goals of evaluation design – Design Issues – Accuracy metrics – Limitations of Evaluation measures

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Charu C. Aggarwal, Recommender Systems: The Textbook, Springer, 2016.
- 2. Dietmar Jannach , Markus Zanker , Alexander Felfernig and Gerhard Friedrich , Recommender Systems: An Introduction, Cambridge University Press (2011), 1<sup>st</sup> edition.
- 3. Francesco Ricci , Lior Rokach , Bracha Shapira , Recommender Sytems Handbook, 1st ed, Springer (2011),
- 4. Jure Leskovec, Anand Rajaraman, Jeffrey David Ullman, Mining of massive datasets, 3rd edition, Cambridge University Press, 2020.

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# COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING)

#### B.Tech. VII Sem.

#### LTPC 3003

# **INFORMATION SECURITY (D77PE5B)**

## **Course Objective:**

To understand and learn the objectives of Network security, Cryptographic algorithms.

## **Course Outcomes:**

Upon completion of the course student will be able to

- 1. Make use of security concepts and classical encryption techniques to establish secured communications. L3
- 2. Implement symmetric and asymmetric key algorithms for designing the security features for transfer of information from one end to another end. L3
- 3. Apply the features of authentication for acknowledging the two way communication process using message authentication codes. L3
- 4. Develop Privacy using SSL and TLS for constructing applications which use web services. L3
- 5. Develop security Mechanism across system and IP layers of communication. L3

## UNIT - I

#### **Security Concepts**

Introduction, security trends, OSI Architecture, security attacks, security services, security mechanisms, AModel for Network Security.

**Cryptography Concepts and Techniques:** Introduction, Plain Text and cipher text, substitution techniques (Caesar cipher, Playfair cipher, Hill cipher), transposition techniques, steganography.

## UNIT - II

#### Symmetric Key Ciphers

Block Cipher principles, DES, AES, Block Cipher Modes of Operation, Stream ciphers, RC4.

Asymmetric Key Ciphers: Principles of public key cryptosystems, RSA algorithm, Difffie-Hellman KeyExchange, Elliptic Curve Cryptography and Arithmetic.

# UNIT - III

**Cryptographic Hash Functions** Authentication requirements and Functions, Message Authentication Code, Secure Hash Algorithm (SHA- 512), Message authentication codes: HMAC, CMAC, Digital signatures, AUTHENTICATION APPLICATIONS: Kerberos, X.509 Authentication Service Public KeyInfrastructure.

# UNIT - IV

**Web Security:** Web security considerations, Secure Socket Layer, and Transport Layer Security, Secure ElectronicTransaction.

E-Mail Security: Pretty Good Privacy, S/MIME.

## UNIT - V

**IP Security:** IP Security overview, IP Security architecture, Authentication Header, Encapsulating Security Payload, Combining Security Associations, Key Management.

System Security: Intruders, Intrusion Detection, Password Management.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Cryptography and Network Security Principles and Practice: William Stallings, PearsonEducation, 4th Edition
- 2. Cryptography and Network Security: Atul Kahate, Mc Graw Hill, 3rd Edition

- 1. Cryptography and Network Security: C K Shyamala, N Harini, Dr T R Padmanabhan, Wiley India,1<sup>st</sup> Edition.
- 2. Cryptography and Network Security: Forouzan, Mukhopadhyay, Mc Graw Hill,3<sup>rd</sup> Edition.
- 3. Information Security, Principles, and Practice: Mark Stamp, Wiley India.
- 4. Principles of Computer Security: WM, Arthur Conklin, Greg White, TMH.
- 5. Introduction to Network Security: Neal Krawetz, CENGAGE Learning.



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# COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING)

B.Tech. VII Sem.

LTPC 3003

# SOCIAL NETWORK ANALYSIS (D77PE5C)

# **Course Objective:**

Gain insight into social network analysis mechanisms and explore the analysis of popular services including email, Wikis, Twitter, Flickr, YouTube, and more.

# **Course Outcomes:**

Upon completion of the course student will be able to:

- 1. Analyze the introduction of social media and social networks, examining how these platforms facilitate new forms of collaboration, and the process of social network analysis. L4
- 2. Apply NodeXL as a tool for social network analysis, critically assessing layout choices, visual design elements, and labeling strategies in enhancing network visualization. L3
- 3. Analyze as Email, understanding its significance as a cornerstone of modern communication, explore the mapping of message boards and email lists in Thread Networks, and examine Twitter's multifaceted role in facilitating conversation, entertainment, and information dissemination. L4
- 4. Make use of NodeXL use to perform social network analysis. L3
- 5. Apply Contrasting Patterns of Content Interaction.L3

#### UNIT - I

Introduction: Social Media and Social Networks Social Media: New Technologies of Collaboration Social Network Analysis: Measuring, Mapping, and Modelling collections of Connections

## UNIT - II

NodeXL, Layout, Visual Design, and Labelling, Calculating and Visualising Network Metrics, Preparing Data and Filtering, Clustering and Grouping.

**UNIT - III CASE STUDIES: Email:** The lifeblood of Modern Communication.

# **Thread Networks:** Mapping Message Boards and Email Lists **Twitter:** Conversation, Entertainment and Information

UNIT - IV CASE STUDIES: Visualizing and Interpreting Facebook Networks, WWW Hyperlink Networks

UNIT - V CASE STUDIES: You Tube: Contrasting Patterns of Content Interaction, and Prominence. Wiki Networks: Connections of Creativity and Collaboration

#### **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Hansen, Derek, Ben Sheiderman, Marc Smith, Analyzing Social Media Networks with NodeXL: Insights from a Connected World, Morgan Kaufmann, 2011.

- 1. Avinash Kaushik, Web Analytics 2.0: The Art of Online Accountability, Sybex, 2009.
- 2. Marshall Sponder, Social Media Analytics: Effective Tools for Building, Interpreting and Using Metrics, 1st Edition, MGH, 2011.

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# COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING)

B.Tech. VII Sem.

LTPC 0021

# BIG DATA ANALYTICS LAB (D77PC24)

# **Course Objective:**

The primary objective of the lab course is to provide students with practical, hands-on experience in using Scala and Apache Spark for data processing, analysis, and machine learning. Students will gain proficiency in both the Scala programming language and the Spark framework, enabling them to apply these skills to real-world data science challenges.

## **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Understand Scala & Spark Fundamentals L2
- 2. Construct how to do Data Manipulation with Spark Data Frames and Machine Learning Implementation with MLlib L3
- 3. Develop Real-time Data Processing with Spark Streaming and Integration with Big Data Ecosystem L3

# LIST OF PROGRAMS:

- 1. Introduction to Scala and Spark
  - i. Install Scala, Spark, and set up the development environment
  - ii. Explore basic Scala syntax, variables, and data types
  - iii. Use Spark's interactive shell to execute basic Spark commands in Scala.
- 2. Scala Functional Programming
  - i. Define and use functions in Scala
  - ii. Explore higher-order functions and their applications
  - iii. Work with immutable collections (List, Set, Map) in Scala
  - iv. Perform common operations using Scala's functional programming style
- 3. Spark RDD Operations
  - i. Create RDDs from different data sources
  - ii. Perform basic RDD transformations (map, filter, reduce).
  - iii. Introduce pair RDDs and perform key-based transformations.

- 4. Spark Data Frames and SQL
  - i. Create and manipulate Spark Data Frames using Scala.
  - ii. Perform common Data Frame operations (select, filter, groupBy).
  - iii. Write SQL queries with Spark SQL in Scala
  - iv. Register and query temporary tables.
- 5. Machine Learning with MLlib
  - i. Implement a linear regression model using MLlib in Scala
  - ii. Evaluate the model's performance.
  - iii. Build a classification model (e.g., Logistic Regression) using MLlib in Scala
  - iv. Evaluate the classification model.
- 6. Spark Streaming in Scala
  - i. Set up a Spark Streaming application using Scala
  - ii. Process and analyze real-time streaming data
  - iii. Implement windowed operations on streaming data (e.g., windowed counts).
- 7. Advanced Spark and Scala Applications
  - i. Explore the use of broadcast variables and accumulators in Spark.
  - ii. Create and analyze a graph using Spark's GraphX library.
- 8. Capstone Project
  - i. Develop a data science project showcasing data processing, analysis, and machine learning using Spark.



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# COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING)

#### **SEMESTER VIII**

S.No.	Course Classification	Course Code	Name of the subject	L	Т	Р	С	Ι	E	Total
01	PC	D78PC25	Reinforcement Learning	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
02	PE	D78PE6	<ul><li>Professional Elective VI</li><li>A. Quantum Computing</li><li>B. Medical Image Processing</li><li>C. Randomized Algorithms</li></ul>	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
03	OE	D78OE3	Open Elective III	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
04	OE	D78OE4	Open Elective IV	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
05	PW	D78PW2	Major Project Phase 2	0	0	16	8	40	60	100
TOTAL				12	0	16	20	200	300	500



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# COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING)

**B.Tech. VIII Sem.** 

L T P C 3 0 0 3

# **REINFORCEMENT LEARNING (D78PC25)**

# **Course Objective:**

Knowledge on fundamentals of reinforcement learning and the methods used to create agents that can solve a variety of complex tasks.

## **Course Outcomes:**

Upon completion of the course student will be able to

- 1. Make use of the basics of RL. L3
- 2. Apply RL Framework and Markov Decision Process. L3
- 3. Analyze the Dynamic Programming and Monte Carlo. L4
- 4. Make use of TD (0) algorithm, TD ( $\lambda$ ) algorithm. L3
- 5. Apply n-step returns as a method for estimating the value of a state-action pair by considering rewards obtained over N consecutive time steps. L3

## UNIT - I

Basics of probability and linear algebra, Definition of a stochastic multi-armed bandit, Definition of regret, Achieving sublinear regret, UCB algorithm, KL-UCB, Thompson Sampling.

#### UNIT - II

Markov Decision Problem, policy, and value function, Reward models (infinite discounted, total, finite horizon, and average), Episodic & continuing tasks, Bellman's optimality operator, and Value iteration & policy iteration

#### UNIT - III

The Reinforcement Learning problem, prediction and control problems, Model-based algorithm, Monte Carlo methods for prediction, and Online implementation of Monte Carlo policy evaluation

#### UNIT - IV

Bootstrapping; TD(0) algorithm; Convergence of Monte Carlo and batch TD(0) algorithms; Model-free control: Q-learning, Sarsa, Expected Sarsa.

#### UNIT - V

n-step returns;  $TD(\lambda)$  algorithm; Need for generalization in practice; Linear function approximation and geometric view; Linear  $TD(\lambda)$ . Tile coding; Control with function approximation; Policy search; Policy gradient methods; Experience replay; Fitted Q Iteration; Case studies.

#### **TEXT BOOKS**:

- 1. "Reinforcement learning: An introduction," First Edition, Sutton, Richard S., and Andrew G. Barto, MIT press 2020.
- 2. "Statistical reinforcement learning: modern machine learning approaches," First Edition, Sugiyama, Masashi. CRC Press 2015.

- 1. "Bandit algorithms," First Edition, Lattimore, T. and C. Szepesvári. Cambridge University Press. 2020.
- 2. "Reinforcement Learning Algorithms: Analysis and Applications," Boris Belousov, Hany Abdulsamad, Pascal Klink, Simone Parisi, and Jan Peters First Edition, Springer 2021.
- 3. Alexander Zai and Brandon Brown "Deep Reinforcement Learning in Action," First Edition, Manning Publications 2020.



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# COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING)

B.Tech. VIII Sem.

L T P C 3 0 0 3

# QUANTUM COMPUTING (D78PE6A)

# **Course Objective:**

The problem-solving approach using finite dimensional mathematics

# **Course Outcomes:**

Upon completion of the course student will be able to

- 1. Identify the significance of mathematics, physics, and biology in the development of quantum computing and compare Bits and Qubits, Classical Vs Quantum logical operations L3
- 2. Apply the basics of linear algebra, quantum mechanics, and the principles of genomics and proteomics to analyze quantum computing concepts L3
- 3. Design quantum circuits using Qubits, single and multiple qubit gates and Bell states. L4
- 4. Compare quantum and classical complexity classes and implement various quantum algorithms L4
- 5. Utilize quantum cryptography protocols for secure communication and apply quantum error correction techniques to mitigate noise and errors in quantum systems. L3

## UNIT- I

**History of Quantum Computing:** Importance of Mathematics, Physics and Biology. Introduction to Quantum Computing: Bits Vs Qubits, Classical Vs Quantum logical operations

## UNIT-II

**Background Mathematics:** Basics of Linear Algebra, Hilbert space, Probabilities and measurements. **Background Physics:** Paul's exclusion Principle, Superposition, Entanglement and super-symmetry, density operators and correlation, basics of quantum mechanics, Measurements in bases other than computational basis. Background Biology: Basic concepts of Genomics and Proteomics (Central Dogma)

### UNIT- III

**Qubit:** Physical implementations of Qubit. Qubit as a quantum unit of information. The Bloch sphere Quantum Circuits: single qubit gates, multiple qubit gates, designing the quantum circuits. Bell states.

### UNIT-IV

**Quantum Algorithms:** Classical computation on quantum computers. Relationship between quantum and classical complexity classes. Deutsch's algorithm, Deutsch's-Jozsa algorithm, Shor's factorization algorithm, Grover's search algorithm.

#### UNIT- V

**Noise and error correction:** Graph states and codes, Quantum error correction, fault-tolerant computation. Quantum Information and Cryptography: Comparison between classical and quantum information theory. Quantum Cryptography, Quantum teleportation

#### **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Nielsen M. A., Quantum Computation and Quantum Information, Cambridge.

- 1. Quantum Computing for Computer Scientists by Noson S. Yanofsky and Mirco A. Mannucci
- 2. Benenti G., Casati G. and Strini G., Principles of Quantum Computation and Information, Vol.I: Basic Concepts, Vol II.
- 3. Basic Tools and Special Topics, World Scientific. Pittenger A. O., An Introduction to QuantumComputing Algorithms.



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# COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING)

**B.Tech. VIII Sem.** 

L T P C 3 0 0 3

# MEDICAL IMAGE PROCESSING (D78PE6B)

# **Course Objective:**

The course in Medical Image Processing with the fundamental theories, techniques, and practical skills necessary for processing and analyzing medical images effectively.

## **Course Outcomes:**

Upon completion of the course student will be able to

- 1. Apply advanced digital image processing techniques, comprehend biomedical image characteristics, objectives, and challenges, fostering expertise in medical imaging analysis. L3
- 2. Make use of advanced image enhancement techniques, including contrast manipulation, histogram equalization, and various filters. L3
- 3. Analyze evaluate, and synthesize thresholding and segmentation techniques, including detection methods, optimal thresholding, multi-spectral thresholding, edge-based segmentation, region-based segmentation, matching algorithms. L4
- 4. Evaluate stochastic methods, Wiener filtering, and various registration approaches such as anatomy-based, object-based, and scene-based methods. L4
- 5. Analyze integrate advanced techniques in image reconstruction from projections, including Radon transform and various tomographic methods. L4

## UNIT- I

**Digitized Image Functions:** Dirac distributions, convolution, Fourier transform, Images as linear system. Image digitization, sampling, Quantization, color images. Digital image properties, Metric and topological properties, Histogram visual perception, Image quality, Noise. Nature of Biomedical images, Objectives of biomedical image analysis, Difficulties in biomedical image acquisition and analysis.

#### UNIT-II

**Image Enhancement:** Contrast manipulation, histogram equalization, Laplacian derivatives, Sobel and Klisch operators, rank operators –textural analysis. Image pre processing – pixel

brightness transformations, Geometric transformations, local pre processing, Image restoration. Imaging filters. Biomedical applications.

#### UNIT-III

**Thresholding and Segmentation**: Detection methods, optimal thresholding, multi-spectral thresholding. Edge based segmentation, Region based segmentation, Matching, Advanced optimal border and surface detection approaches.

#### UNIT-IV

**Restoration:** Deterministic, geometric linear filtration, inverse filtering, power spectrum equalization, stochastic. Wiener filtering. Registration, anatomy based, object based, scene based. Biomedical applications..

#### UNIT -V

**Image Reconstruction**: Image reconstruction from projections, Radon transform, Methods for generating projection data, Transmission tomography, Reflection tomography, Emission tomography, Magnetic resonance imaging, Fourier slice theorem, Back-projection theorem. Image Coding and Compression: Lossy verses lossless compression, Fundamental concepts of coding, Image coding and compression standards, Biomedical applications.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. John C Russ, "The image processing handbook", CRC and IEEE press, 1999.
- 2. Milan Sonka, Vaclav Hlavac, Roger Boyle, "Image processing, analysis and machine vision", 2nd Edition, Brooks Cole publishing Co., 1999.

- 1. Jayaram, Kudupa and Gabor,T Herman, "3D imaging in medicine", 2nd Edition, CRC press, 2000.
- 2. Craig A.Hindley," Practical image processing in C", John Wiley and Sons, 1991.
- 3. R C Gonzalez, Wintz Paul, "Digital Image Processing", Addision Wesley, 2nd Edition, 1987.
- 4. A K Jain, "Fundamental of Digital Image Processing", Prentice Hall, 2002.
- 5. Rangaraj M. Rangayyan, "Biomedical Image Analysis", CRC Press, 2000.
- 6. Sid-Ahmed Maher A, "Image Processing Theory, Algorithms and Architecture", McGraw Hill, 1994.



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# COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING)

B.Tech. VIII Sem.

L T P C 3 0 0 3

# **RANDOMIZED ALGORITHMS (D78PE6C)**

# **Course Objective:**

Analyze the correctness and performance of randomized algorithms, understand their applications in various domains such as optimization, graph theory, cryptography, and machine learning, and critically evaluate their advantages and limitations compared to deterministic approaches.

# **Course Outcomes:**

Upon completion of the course student will be able to

- 1. Apply the fundamentals of randomized algorithm design. L3
- 2. Make use of the fundamentals of Markov chains and the Monte Carlo method. L3
- 3. Apply high probability analysis to selected randomized algorithms. L3
- 4. Analyze the Fingerprint and Pattern Matching techniques. L4
- 5. Analyze Geometric Algorithms and Randomized Incremental Construction. L4

#### UNIT -I

Introduction, A Min — Cut algorithm, Las Vegas and Monte Carlo, Binary Planar Partitions, A Probabilistic Recurrence.

Game-Theoretic Techniques: Game Tree Evaluation, The Minimax Principle

#### UNIT -II

Moments and Deviations: Occupancy Problems, The Markov and Chebyshev Inequalities, Randomized Selection, Two Point sampling, The Coupon Collector's problem. Markov Chains and Random Walks: A 2-SAT example, Markov Chains, Random Walks on Graphs, Graph Connectivity

#### UNIT -III

Algebraic Techniques: Fingerprinting and Freivald's Technique, Verifying Polynomial Identities, Perfect Matching in Graphs, Verifying Equality of Strings, A Comparison of Fingerprinting Techniques, PatternMatching

#### UNIT -IV

Data Structures: The Fundamental of Data-structures, Random Treaps, Skip Lists, Hash Tables Graph Algorithms: All Pairs Shortest Path, The Min- Cut Problem, Minimum Spanning Trees

#### UNIT -V

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Geometric Algorithms: Randomized Incremental Construction, Convex Hulls in the Plane, Duality, Half- Space Intersections, Dalaunay Triangulations, Trapezoidal Decompositions, Parallel and Distributed Algorithms: The PRAM Model, Sorting on a PRAM, Maximal Independent Sets, Perfect Matchings

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Randomized Algorithms: Rajeev Motwani, Prabhakar Raghavan, Cambridge University Press
- 2. Probability and Computing: Randomization and Probabilistic Techniques in Algorithms and Data Analysis by Eli Upfal and Michael Mitzenmacher